# 1 MINUTES 2 FOR 3 PLAN COMMISSION 4 Wednesday, March 12, 2014, 6

Wednesday, March 12, 2014, 6:30 p.m.

Waukesha City Hall, 201 Delafield Street, Common Council Chambers

Members Present: Mayor Jeff Scrima, Ald. Joan Francoeur, Ald. Vance Skinner, Jim Hoppe, Rick

Congdon, R.G. Keller, Kevin Larson

10 Members Absent: None

5

6 7

8

9

11 12

13 14

15

16 17 18

19 20

21 22

23

2425

26 27

28

29 30

31

32

33

34 35

36 37

38

39

40

41

42 43

44

45

46

47

48 49

50

51

**Staff Present:** Doug Koehler, Jeff Fortin

Others Present: Matt Iwanski, Dave Kieffer, Adam McCarthy, Trevor Arnold, Ben Thiel, Ruth Thiel,

Jacob Heinzelmann, Adam Artz, Matt McCarthy

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

APPROVAL OF MINUTES – Approval of Minutes for the meeting of February 19, 2014.

Mr. Larson made the motion to approve the Minutes of February 19, 2014. The second was made by Mr. Hoppe and the motion passed unanimously.

#### REZONING

**330 WISCONSIN AVE** – A request from McCarthy Management, LLC to consider rezoning property at 330 Wisconsin Ave. from B-3 (General Business) to Rm-2 or Rm-3 (Multi-Family Residential).

Mr. Jeff Fortin presented an exhibit of the parcel in question. Currently there are several residential rooming house units in the building. It was a legal non-conforming use. Since then the B-3 code was changed to not allow rooming house units, but this building has them and they are legal non-conforming. Portions of the building that have street frontage were for commercial uses. Under the B-3 zoning code allows residential uses as long as they are not occupying more than 50% of the ground level. Right now the applicant says he is having trouble leasing the retail space and that is why he is requesting the rezoning. The Rm-3 would allow for the rooming house, and Staff is not in support of that. They considered Rm-2, which would not allow for rooming houses but could do efficiencies. Efficiencies would have to have their own separate restroom facilities and kitchens. Everything else along this stretch on Wisconsin Avenue is zoned for business and there are no residential zoning along this part of the street. Mr. Fortin said the adopted land use plan also has it as commercial. The Central City Master Plan shows this as area C and what they envisioned was smaller scaled buildings, rehabilitation of existing, with a mixed use of residential and commercial uses in those buildings. He presented the proposed floor plan that would be under the Rm-3 zoning. The commercial space along the frontage would be converted into rooms. If they were to go with the Rm-2 zoning, the floor plan would need to be reconfigured and the efficiency size would be increased to meet codes. There would be a restroom and a kitchen in those units. Staff recommends denial of the zoning request from B-3 to either Rm-2 or Rm-3. The concern is spot zoning and everything else in that location is zoned B-3. This is located right in the middle of the B-3 zoning. The comprehensive plan also does not have this slated as a residential area. If the Commission would like to explore this and finds that commercial along that stretch of Wisconsin is no longer feasible, and he thought it was a bigger policy decision, it would require some studies looking at the comprehensive plan and the downtown plan. At this time Staff does not support the rezoning request.

3

4

5

6

7

8

Ald. Skinner asked if they know the original use of the building. It looks as if it was intended for residential, with the way it lays out and with the front porches. Mr. Fortin said the decision to go commercial was about 50 years ago. Prior to that, it was all strictly residential. He did not know if it was a duplex with an upper and lower. But not it obviously has been chopped up into rooming houses. Ald. Skinner asked what percentage of the building was used for that purpose. Mr. Fortin said all of it except 50% of the first floor. Ald. Skinner said but in the past 50 years it has been general business? Mr. Fortin said yes. There have been some commercial uses. Obviously Associated Bank is to the east and to the west is a combination of uses with social service agencies. There have been some office uses along this stretch over the years.

9 10 11

12

Mr. Hoppe asked how many rental units are currently in the building and is there any parking. Mr. Fortin said there is parking surround it along with off-street parking and the applicant can address how many units are in the building.

13 14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

Mr. Adam McCarthy of S44W22345 Sunridge Drive in the Town of Waukesha. This is his building. Currently there are 11 boarding rooms and there are 2 commercial, currently zoned units as well. As far as the parking, there is no on-street parking. The only parking is the city lot, which is half a block down and wraps around back by Couri Insurance. That is the only parking that there is. His main goal of setting this up for total residential is just how the structure of the building is. The front of the building is a clear, residential structure. He was a little confused on the business zoning because this is all residential. Mr. Fortin said the zoning was put in place several years after these buildings were constructed. To the east they were reconstructed, such as Associated Bank and a parking garage, etc. But a lot of this was zoned that way and there are a lot of homes there that are currently non-conforming uses that have not yet been converting into business since the B-3 zoning were put into place some 50 years ago. Mr. McCarthy said next door was the old Friendship's and now it is for sale. It is a duplex and clearly residential. Down below are two more rooming houses. The owner of that was the owner of the one he purchased from. There is a four-unit on the next street that is 100% residential. Ultimately his goal is to get the whole thing zoned residential. Talking about the City's Master Plan and keeping things commercial. He has walked through a personal mentor he has who has done commercial units for a living and he agreed with him that there is no way this building would be a good commercial unit. There is no window space like the better places downtown have. There are at least 10 units that are for rent downtown that are in much better positions and the outside just looks so much better. The location is the biggest thing as well. One of the planning staff members asked how much money he put into the interior to make it marketable. His answer is that he has had it listed for, since he has had the property for almost six months and he never even had someone who wanted to come in to look at it, just based on the location. So the amount of money for renovations wouldn't really help anyway. Also, the previous owner owned it for over 15 years and he tried the entire time to get someone in there and was unsuccessful. The front of the building as you go up the stairs and to the right is the larger commercial unit. That is the clear commercial unit. The far left, that is where the back 50% has three rooming houses. Inside of it is another residential unit. It has a kitchen inside of it. He was not sure if it was done incorrectly but it is clearly residential. That is the structure of it. The whole right side going back is an empty space and it is not set up for residential. He, too, would rather have commercial tenants. They are longer leases and they are less trouble. But it just is not a viable option. He thought the City's Master Plan had a goal of bringing business downtown he thought it would be better to have more people to spend money. He will make the units really nice and get good, quality tenants.

44 45 46

47

48

49

50

51

Mr. Hoppe asked what the rates on these units are and how many would like to end up with if this were to be approved. Mr. McCarthy said today there are 11 rooming units and they are set up on a lease for (inaudible). Nobody pays him weekly. More than half pay him monthly. It is about \$90 a week on average with all utilities included, including water, heat, and electric. So it is about \$400 per month per unit. He offered two different zonings – Rm-2 and Rm-3. Ideally he would prefer adding more rooming houses because that is what the building is, a rooming house. Adding more to it would make more sense. He

understood there were stereotypes with that. He said he is willing to work with them and make this work out somehow. That is why he was offering both zonings. If they went with the rooming house way, he could add five more rooms. Pricing would be the same. Another thing is the types of people are not people who stay for a short amount of time. He has someone who has been there for 10 years and a couple who have been there for 5. It really is an apartment building but they share a kitchen and a bath.

Ald. Skinner asked how long he has had it and Mr. McCarthy said he purchased the property in September. Ald. Skinner said knowing the history, was it his intent to purchase the property and then convert it to what he is doing today? Mr. McCarthy said no. He thought the property was not being used to its full potential. This is his first property that has a commercial aspect to it and he learned a lot from it. Commercial is not easy to get people in. Ald. Skinner thought this was a problematic spot because it is a very visible intersection to the downtown and it is right across from the library and across from a park where a lot of kids play and a lot of activity happens. They are being asked to take a leap of faith and ultimately allow a conversion of this to a different zoning to allow what the owner considers it to be a more problematic use. Mr. McCarthy said getting a good solid commercial tenant in there would be great, but it is a very difficult task, especially the way the building is set up and the location of it. If it was People's Park and there is upstairs and residential, that is a clear business. He did not know what this business could do. It can't be a storefront, it can't be a restaurant, and it can't be a bar. There are no options. A storage unit? Maybe? That is kind of junky. He has run out of ideas. Ald. Skinner said there are other properties near this. There are a couple attorney offices on Grand that are in residential structures without the large window fronts. He has concerns about this but appreciates the additional information.

Mr. Matthew McCarthy of 2260 Wren Lane said he has lived here for 11 years. He is the applicant's father. He has gone through the area quite a bit to view this problem as his son tries to transition it. Whether it is zoned that way or not, he wanted to re-emphasize that from that corner, that piece of property, the next two blocks to the north coming out to St. Paul is all residential on that side of the street. There are two buildings and then the Maple Street parking lot, then there are all residences. He was not saying that they couldn't perhaps put an attorney's office or a dentist office, depending on the zoning, but they are all residences. Whether they fall under the zoning or not, for all types of purposes it is a residential area. He went through there today and within the two blocks going to the north and towards the downtown there were no less than 8, probably 10, nice storefronts with big glass display areas. That was driving around for two minutes. There are far better business locations in the area than this presents. This is located across from the park and the library and people want to go enjoy the park. This rooming house obviously isn't families, but his point is that he didn't think there are more problems. You have fewer problems with any business, most business in general. But he did not think they would have an excessive amount of problem if they put in a few more rooming houses in this building. With more people, it just fits with the area. Businesses go to the east. Straight to the west are all residences. He thought to say this is how it is zoned, and apparently that is the case, he thought it was short sided when all those buildings are residences. They are nice residences and he thought this would be an improvement to what exists there at this time.

Mr. Adam McCarthy said one of the ideas he had, which is a little outside of the thinking, to make Waukesha better overall he would be willing to open up his books for five years and reinvest every penny back into the building, to make it better and a better spot for Waukesha. Some of these buildings can chip and paint. Making it better is something he is willing to do.

Mr. Hoppe asked how many of the current tenants are working. Mr. McCarthy said at least 8 out of the 11 with 2 of them being retired and getting social security. One person is "sitting and living off of free money."

Mr. Keller asked how long ago was this rezoned and Mr. Fortin said about 50 years ago. It was determined at that time that they wanted to expand the downtown to the south and that is why it was rezoned. Mr. Keller said so that probably pre-dates the current occupants of the housing, whether it is single-family or

multi-family along that entire strip. So it wasn't like any of the current residents were consulted when the rezoning occurred. Mr. Fortin said if you look at the commercial development there it is about 40 or 50 years old with office buildings and things like that. It probably coincided with the development. It was the idea to extend the commercial further down Wisconsin. Mr. Keller said a concern is that the applicant has a perception that this building doesn't work very well for retail, meaning for business or small insurance or that kind of thing. A lot of the houses on the north side of the block are clearly residential in character. Yet probably in some historical zone it doesn't allow it to be modified greatly. So you are kind of stuck between a rock and a hard place. What do you do? The zoning is in place but you have a situation where under current retail criteria, big glass, parking next to the building, easy access, it fails miserably against what most people understand retail to be. So what do you do? Mr. Fortin said that the Master plan has this as mixed use but if residential is something the Commission and Council wants to explore they need to direct staff to look into that. We feel that changing the zoning to residential is not something where we should be doing spot zoning on a case-by-case basis. Any desire to look at zoning needs to start from the ground up and looking at what is out there, and determine what they want to be residential and what form does that take instead of doing it on a case-by-case request. Mr. Keller urged the City Planning Department to consider looking at the housing and building stock and compare it to the zoning and see how they work together. In some cases, the buildings just very easily convert into some other uses. However there are cases where an existing building just don't, whatsoever. If they maintain the zoning without flexibility they basically are forcing people into a situation where they can't use 50% of the ground floor based on how the code reads. So they are bringing a hardship on every owner in that location because of the nature the way the City grew up. Mr. Fortin said with the historic parts of Wisconsin Avenue, those even came back to the zoning. The zoning was put in well before the City had a Landmark's Commission and paid attention to historic structures.

232425

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Mr. Congdon said he doesn't necessarily disagree with the potential use but take a more holistic view of the whole area. Is that correct? Mr. Fortin said it seems like they are jumping ahead by rezoning just one parcel without looking at the whole area. Mr. Congdon agreed with that. Mr. Fortin said downtown there is a concentration of rooming houses, which is why the zoning districts in and around downtown no longer allow rooming houses as a conditional use. He thought changing parts of it to Rm-3 to allow rooming houses is going backwards from where they want it to be without having all rooming houses concentrate to just downtown. Mr. Congdon asked where they go from here. Do they want to look at the whole thing and give it more study, then what is the next step? Mr. Fortin said Staff's recommendation is to clearly not approve the zoning, but if it is something the Council directs for them to look at this area, they can clearly do that, but our Central City Master Plan has this as mixed use.

34 35 36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

Ald. Francoeur said when she became a Commissioner she spoke with the City Attorney's office about what is labeled ex parte about a communication between an applicant and a Commissioner and what that meant is if you were talking with somebody - and she has. She spoke with the applicant twice and about the process and what happens when this type of request is brought before the Commission and who gets to speak, etc. One of the timelines here that is challenging is that the zoning changed, and some of the housing stock has been labeled non-conforming use. Can Staff explain what that means and how it applies to this? Mr. Fortin said when the area was rezoned there clearly was still a mix of residential-only uses in this area. Even though the zoning got changed, property owners have vested rights to continuing to use the property as it was previously zoned, in this case residential. That is what makes the residential legal nonconforming. They can continue to use the property as a residential district unless it is vacated for over a year or if they put up a new building. There are still rights but when you start changing things, then you have to adhere to the code. When this changed to a rooming house, that is where the 50% rule kicked in and that is why they were required to put in the commercial spaces. It probably got converted from maybe a duplex or an apartment building into a rooming house. At that time they were probably required to install the 50% frontage of commercial space to meet the zoning ordinance and now he wants to go backwards and make it all residential again but that is not permissible under the B-2 zoning.

10 11

12 13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20 21 22

23

30 31 32

> 34 35 36

33

37 38

FINAL

39 40 41

42 43 44

50

51

because it is a zoning request, it will go before the Council. Mr. Fortin clarified that is correct. She said even though it might go with a denial recommendation at that time, the Common Council, if it supported the denial could still direct that there be a wider examination of this issue, which she thought is the place where that would and should occur. Mr. Fortin said the only way we would entertain looking at this would be if there was direction from Council to start looking at this area. We are now going on what the zoning is based at and what the land use plan says right now and that does not support this request. Ald. Skinner made the motion to deny the rezoning request and Mr. Congdon offered the second.

Ald. Francoeur said she remembers some of Staff and another applicant came to this Commission and had

a very intriguing plan for a building that also had the same zoning and even though the plan was supported

by the Commission because the zoning didn't allow it, it was denied. If this Commission were to deny this

Ald. Skinner said he was not necessarily opposed to this from the perspective of having is residential. Clearly the building looks like it was residentially. Personally, he lived in a building that looked like this when he went to college. He thought this was a missed opportunity here is the fact that this is right across from a park, near entertainment, there is a band shelter with all kinds of events - there are all kinds of reasons here where the thought there was potential for trading up. Actually going from an Rm-2 type status where you could get higher rents and have a different type of unit verses the rooming houses there today. He would be looking at all of those things. While he certainly is not supporting this tonight and made the motion, don't give up.

Ald. Francoeur thought they might have a sequence issue here amongst other things, and that is that the zoning was in place, the property was purchased, and now there is a request to define spot zoning, which she thought nobody was usually in favor of. In addition to which the Council and the Plan Commission in the past years has had a lot of dialogue about rooming houses and what is allowed and what is desired. She thought she would support the motion because she did not believe it was good public policy to choose one parcel and try to establish a direction on that. It is better to establish a direction and see how the parcels conform or what they need in order to exist. She will support the motion and hopes they will have a productive discussion on the Council floor.

Mayor Scrima agrees with Ald. Skinner. This property has a lot more potential and he hopes the applicant pursues that.

### The motion passed unanimously.

#### SITE PLAN & ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW

#### EATON COOPER POWER SYSTEMS BUSINESS – 2300 BADGER DR. – A request from The Consortium ae, LLC and Eaton Cooper Power Systems to consider revisions to the existing building and a 51,774 square foot addition at 2300 Badger Dr.

Mr. Jeff Fortin said this was before them at the last meeting and preliminary plans were approved. They were asked to do additional work on the landscaping plans. This is located on the west side of the City on Badger Drive, just north of Sunset. The property is zoned M-2, general manufacturing. The proposal is a 52,000 square foot addition and a conversion of 6,000 square feet of existing, unused warehouse space into manufacturing space for the facility. At the last meeting they asked for more landscaping a little more south. They are proposing plantings beds but the employee entrances and increasing landscaping around the parking lot, as requested. On the north parking lot there were some cross-hatched areas shown and it was suggested to make some landscaped islands out of those. Those are now proposed at the entrance where the employees come in as well as at another entry. There were no necessary changes to the elevations. New metal panels were proposed to exist what is currently there. There is brick along the bottom of the building. There were Engineering concerns with the stormwater. (Please see Department Comments at the end of the Minutes.) The applicant worked with the Engineering Department and they are finalizing those plans to show the existing conditions overall. As far as the overall stormwater plan, they are proposing a facility north of the warehouse between the parking lot and the building. Given the location of this, there is a requirement that the high water elevation not be within two feet of the first floor elevation of the building. They have seen this situation before with Broadway Commons. So they will be going for a variance with the Board of Zoning Appeals in April. So they are asking for final approval from the Plan Commission, contingent upon the variance from the Board of Zoning Appeals. It is just a matter of process in the code because of the proximity to the building to be stormwater ponds. Given the way this is laid out, there is no other place for the stormwater facility to be place. So it is the most logical spot. With these comments, Staff recommends final approval subject to any Department Comments along with receiving approval from the Board of Zoning Appeals.

## Mr. Keller made the motion for final approval along with Staff comments and with receiving approval for the variance from the Board of Zoning Appeals. Mr. Larson offered the second.

Ald. Francoeur said Staff is happy with the additional landscaping and she thought it was nice that the applicant was responsive to the request they made the last time they were before the Commission. It is definitely nice that they are expanding their business in the City.

#### The motion passed unanimously.

#### **OTHER**

**ZONING CODE AMENDMENT** – **22.21** – A request from the Community Development Department to consider approving revisions to §22.21 to comply with state statutes.

Mr. Jeff Fortin said last year the State of Wisconsin passed Act 20, which included some language about local municipality's ability to regulate cell towers. Basically the new legislative has stripped most of their authority over cell towers and has severe limits on what we are allowed to do. Act 20 established two types of cell towers - Class 1 and 2. It still allows cities to regulate cell towers, but they have very limited capacity with how to do that. It prohibits imposing additional conditions, prohibits denials based on considerations like aesthetics, zoning, and property ownership, such as requiring that they locate on government owned property). The new law became effective January 2<sup>nd</sup> of this year and our ordinance is invalid and cannot be enforced. The City Attorney has drafted a new ordinance that meets the State statutes that Staff would like to pass. On new towers, Class 1 code locations, they can still have a conditional use; however, they must be listed as conditional use in all locations and they cannot exempt say single-family residential anymore. The Plan Commission will still review new towers but they cannot place additional conditions beyond what is allowed by the new State statutes. Class 1 co-locations, conditional use are substantial modifications defined as an increase in the height of the structure by 20 feet. If a tower is 200 feet higher or less or 10% for those over 200 feet or in modification of the ground equipment area to more than 2,500 square feet. Class 2 co-locations, which is just putting in new antennas, new equipment on the ground without expanding the area, they can no longer have a conditional use. In the past they have come before the Plan Commission numerous times with new ground equipment, replacing antennas with new technology – those are now done administratively by building permits and will not need to be reviewed by the Plan Commission.

Mr. Fortin said he included some information on the Commissioner's desks about the law. They cannot require things like environmental testing, frequency monitoring, or any other sort of compliance measures. They cannot enact an ordinance prohibiting placement of cell towers in a particular location or zoning

district. There cannot be reoccurring fees for cell towers. They have no authority to limit their height, as long as it is within 200 feet. They cannot disapprove projects based on aesthetics or location or the City cannot give them alternatives. Basically they pick a location and meet the statutory requirements, it has to be approved. They cannot require fall zones that exceed what we ask for other structures as long as they submit engineering reports stating that the tower can collapse upon itself. It also established fee maximums and what they can charge for them for permits and approvals. Act 20 established a uniform application process that all cities must follow. Name, contact information, location of the tower or existing facility for colocation where the facility is going, construction plan (if new tower, explain why the location was selected and why co-location is not useable), exemptions for co-location coverage and if it is technically infeasible or (inaudible) to co-locate. If that information includes all the items, it is deemed under State statutes and must be reviewed by the City. Staff recommends approval of the amendment.

Ald. Skinner said so this kind of reads like a telecommunications lobbyist dream. This is the best they can do. Mr. Fortin said that is correct and the City Attorney has reviewed it. Staff believes it was written by a cell phone tower industry.

Mr. Congdon said he was hearing very loud and clearly that they have no choice on this and Mr. Fortin said yes.

Mr. Larson said is there an understanding or feeling from any other City in the State of Wisconsin of having a problem with this? Mr. Fortin said River Hills might consider legal action against it. But as it stands right now, it is law. He did not know if River Hills even has any commercial property but they are considering legal action. He was disappointed in the language and that it ties their hands to any changes of cell towers in the City. It is very restrictive language and they have done a nice job over the years to try to control this type of thing. He thought it was a slap in the face and he will vote against this.

Ald. Skinner said this will go before the Council, regardless. They have had situations like this where they have been told to vote one way. Essentially, it will go before the Council, and Mr. Fortin said yes.

Mr. Congdon said in looking at this, in case the City of Waukesha ever wanted to take legal action against this and they are positively voting for it, puts them in a unique situation. It ties their hands in the future. Mr. Fortin said he could have the City Attorney consult them and find out the ramifications that has. But the ordinance right now is unenforceable and if they don't pass this they don't follow State statutes. They have already recently received co-location applications that have been administratively switched to Building Permits as opposed to Conditional Uses. Mr. Congdon said it seems that if they vote under protest with this, it is a debt that you dispute.

Mr. Larson said for the record, he wanted Mr. Fortin to repeat the restrictions to the City. Mr. Fortin repeated the restrictions. Mr. Larson said this is totally restrictive. In any of the neighborhoods, he would hope there could be some kind of discussion. If they wanted to put one in his front yard, he sure hoped he could come before this Commission and talk about it. He encouraged them to vote no and see where this goes, but he thought they were on a slippery slope. This is way too restrictive.

Ald. Francoeur said she appreciates the advice given. She has in the past has voted a reluctant yes and that is what she will do this evening because of the nature of the regulation that has been given to them. It is not that they won't still have a voice and be able to register. She understood Mr. Congdon's caution and they perhaps might want to make a record that says this is how they felt from the beginning. But she will be a reluctant supporter of this.

Mr. Congdon made the motion to approve the revisions to the State Statue in that do so under protest. Ald. Francoeur offered the second.

There has been no hearing on this whatsoever at the local level except to apply the State statutes. He understood that when there is a statutory mandate from Madison, sometimes they must follow it. But he wanted to do so more than just reluctantly – he wanted to under protest and so it is on the record and does not bind them in the future.

Ald. Skinner said it is interesting and they have been in scenarios like this before and they have the City Attorney working for them and giving their opinions. But he certainly cannot support this. It does remove the local control and it gives the keys to the kingdom to the telecommunications industry and it does not give the citizens of Waukesha a voice with what is going to happen here. He is disappointed that this came from Madison. He will not be supporting it.

Mr. Congdon said the motion he made and what is before them are really not at all the best for the City.

Mr. Larson said he will be voting no, realizing that his vote no will be not in favor of this. Some people may interpret his no as being in favor of cell towers. His no, based on the language he was hearing from the other Commissioners is a defiant no on this language and approving it. He wanted his no to be interpreted correctly.

Mayor Scrima also will be protesting. He believes government works best at the local level and not from Madison and Washington.

Mr. Congdon clarified that if they are voting yes on the motion, they are still protesting and do so under protest and it gives a legal stance in the future if they challenge it. If they vote no to this, then they would be out of compliance with the State Statute.

The motion passed with three yes votes (Congdon, Francoeur, Hoppe) and four no votes (Keller, Skinner, Scrima, Larson). This item is declined.

Mr. Fortin said this will go before the Common Council without Plan Commission support.

#### **ADJOURNMENT**

Mr. Larson made the motion to adjourn the meeting and Ald. Francoeur offered the second. The vote passed unanimously. The meeting adjourned at 7:30 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Jennifer Andrews
City Planner &
Secretary to the Plan Commission

plmn140312

#### **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT COMMENTS**

330 WISCONSIN AVE – A request from McCarthy Management, LLC to consider rezoning property at 330 Wisconsin Ave. from B-3 (General Business) to Rm-2 or Rm-3 (Multi-Family Residential).

• No comment.

EATON COOPER POWER SYSTEMS BUSINESS – 2300 BADGER DR. – A request from The Consortium ae, LLC and Eaton Cooper Power Systems to consider revisions to the existing building and a 51,774 square foot addition at 2300 Badger Dr.

3 4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1

2

#### General

The following items should be submitted:

- Property Survey showing existing easements. Verify if any existing easements are located on the property
  that will affect the location of the proposed improvements. A title search should be completed to verify if
  existing easements are present.
- Storm water facility maintenance agreement per Section Chapter 32.12
- Applicable fees per Chapter 32.07(b). The Engineering Division requires any Bonds or Agreements required by the Plan Commission and Council or Chapter 32.08(c). Development fees will be owed to the City for this project.
- Chapter 32.07(b)(2): Once all submittal items are completed, submit all items listed in sub.(b)(1)(A)-(G) in digital form for City filing.
- Permits will be needed for the project. Provide copies of approved project permits to the City for filing.
   Permits that are needed include but are not limited to:
- Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources NR 216 N.O.I. Permit (if over 1 acre of disturbance).
- City of Waukesha Erosion Control Permit.
- In accordance with Wisconsin Administrative Code A-E 2.02(4): Each sheet of plans, drawings, documents, specifications and reports for architectural, landscape architectural, professional engineering, design or land surveying practice should be signed, sealed, and dated by the registrant or permit holder who prepared, or directed and controlled preparation of, the written material.

23 24 25

26

27

28

29

30

#### Existing Conditions C-2

- Chapter 32.10(c)(18): Location and descriptive notes for existing and proposed structures, including storm sewer pipes, culverts and existing utilities should be shown. Elevations and pipe sizes should be listed.
- Two, oval arch 15"x24" corrugated metal pipes are shown to drain the ditch area east of the northeast building that is shown. The extent of the pipe to the ultimate outfall location should be shown to verify any changes in pipe sizes or other connected pipes to this system. Any additional drainage to this system will have to be included in the storm water modeling.

31 32 33

34

35

#### Site Dimensional Plan C-3

- A proposed pipe is shown from the building to the north bio-retention facility. Please label the pipe as a gutter downspout pipe, if applicable.
  - Truck turning templates should be shown to verify the driveway layouts are adequately sized.

36 37 38

39

40

41

#### Site Dimensional Plan C-4

- A proposed pipe is shown from the building to the north bio-retention facility. Please label the pipe as a gutter downspout pipe, if applicable.
- Truck turning templates should be shown to verify the driveway layouts are adequately sized.
- The roof downspout connection to the bio-retention facility should be shown.

42 43 44

45

46

47

#### Grading, Erosion Control & Paving Plan C-5

- Note 5 of the Construction Site Sequencing states, "Bio retention area shall be excavated and used as a sediment trap." Wisconsin DNR Technical Standards recommend routing the storm water around the bioretention areas and through sediment traps until they are stabilized.
- The elevation of the spillway in the south bio-retention area should be listed.

48 49 50

51

52

53

54

55

#### Grading, Erosion Control & Paving Plan C-6

- Note 5 of the Construction Site Sequencing states, "Bio retention area shall be excavated and used as a sediment trap." Wisconsin DNR Technical Standards recommend routing the storm water around the bioretention areas and through sediment traps until they are stabilized.
- Chapter 32.10(d)(6)(H)(i): Flows generated by the 100-year, 24-hour design storm under planned land use
  conditions may exceed the design capacity of conveyance systems, but should not come in contact with any

1

11

12

13 14 15

16

17

22

23

29 30 31

32

33 34 35

> 36 37 38

44 45 46

43

47 48 49

51 52 53

54

55

50

buildings. The lowest elevation of the structure that is exposed to the ground surface should be a minimum of two (2) feet above the maximum water elevation produced by the 100-year, 24 hour design storm. The buildings on this property or adjoining properties should be set back at least 40 feet horizontally from the 100-year high water elevation to any storm water facility or drainage swale on this property. The 100-year high water elevation of Bio retention area 1 is 37.88 as listed on sheet C-10. The lowest first floor elevation is listed as 38.92. The vertical separation is only 1.04 feet.

- Provide spot grades at emergency spillway location.
- Chapter 32.10(d)(6)(B) as referenced by Chapter 32.09(c)(17): Site grading should minimize adverse impacts on adjacent properties.
- Label the overland flow path route location for this area and through the site. An additional sheet will be needed.

#### Utility Plan C-7

- Computations for all storm sewers should be provided and in accordance with the State of Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services Standards.
- The existing building has a sanitary sewer lateral connecting the City's sewer main. Please provide a sewer lateral video to City for review and approval. Contact the City Engineering Department for the video format. If lateral maintenance is needed, then the lateral improvements may need to be included as part of this project. The lateral pipe and connection to the main may need to be lined or relayed to reduce infiltration into the City's sanitary sewer system or improve the structural integrity.

#### Utility Plan C-8

- Computations for all storm sewers should be provided and in accordance with the State of Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services Standards.
- The existing building has a sanitary sewer lateral connecting the City's sewer main. Please provide a sewer lateral video to City for review and approval. Contact the City Engineering Department for the video format. If lateral maintenance is needed, then the lateral improvements may need to be included as part of this project. The lateral pipe and connection to the main may need to be lined or relayed to reduce infiltration into the City's sanitary sewer system or improve the structural integrity.
- The size of the trench drain should be listed.

#### Construction Details C-9

No comments.

#### Construction Details C-10

The design of the bio-retention facilities should follow Wisconsin DNR Technical Standard 1004. The designs should include:

- Underdrain
- Follow cross-section detail
- Utilize adequate ponding outlet restrictor height to encourage infiltration.

#### Storm Water Management Plan

- The spillway elevation shown in the Plan on Page 5 for the northeast basin appears to be incorrect. Please
- Chapter 32.11(a)(2): The 2-year storm design rainfall depth should be 2.7 inches. Page 2 of the storm water plan states that 2.4 inches was used for the design.
- Chapter 32.10(d)(6)(B) as referenced by Chapter 32.09(c)(17): Site grading should minimize adverse impacts on adjacent properties.
- The open channel 100-year high water elevation should be provided along the south lot line.
- Chapter 32.10(d)(6)(H)(i): Flows generated by the 100-year, 24-hour design storm under planned land use conditions may exceed the design capacity of conveyance systems, but should not come in contact with any buildings. The lowest elevation of the structure that is exposed to the ground surface should be a minimum of two (2) feet above the maximum water elevation produced by the 100-year, 24 hour design storm. The buildings on this property or adjoining properties should be set back at least 40 feet horizontally from the 100-year high water elevation to any storm water facility or drainage swale on this property.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- The existing southwest pond should be included in the storm water analysis.
- The existing south ditch, located north of the south lot line, should be included in the storm water analysis and modeled as a pond.
- Additional grading to create storm water capacity storage onsite or other modifications will be needed if the
  Ordinance requirement is not met or adjacent properties are being inundated during the 100-year event.
- Provide spot grades at emergency spillway locations for the south ditch and southwest pond. Show the emergency overland flow route through the site and through this area.
- Chapter 32.10(e)(6): Location and dimensions of proposed drainage easements should be shown.
- Storm water management facilities will need to be located in a storm water management easement. The storm water agreement should comply with Section 32.12. A copy of the City template can be sent to the Designer for use.
- Chapter 32.10(C): Detailed cross sections and profiles of each BMP showing all critical design elements, side slopes, structures, soil profiles and applicable elevations, including seasonal high water table. Review if anti-seep collars are needed.
- The pre-development and post-development basin maps should include the entire site owned by the Applicant and full tributary areas.
- Please verify if tail water elevations should be used in pond designs.
- Two soil borings are needed in each storm water facility per DNR Technical Standards.
- The emergency overflow should be sized to handle flows if the primary outlet structure is plugged.