(Cr. #76-07)

SECTION I. Section 11.41 of the City of Waukesha Municipal Code is hereby created to read:

Whereas, the Wisconsin State legislature has provided Residency Restrictions for the punishment, treatment and supervision of persons convicted or otherwise responsible for sex erimes against children, including their release in the community, and

Whereas Ch. 980 of the Wis. Stats provides for the civil commitment of sexually violent persons. The purpose of the statute is to protect the public, to treat convicted sex offenders who are at a high risk to reoffend, to reduce the likelihood that they will engage in such conduct in the future, and following such commitment sec. 980.08 Wis. Stats. provides under certain conditions for the supervised release of such persons into the community,

Whereas, according to the US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, in 2001 there were approximately three hundred eighty-six thousand (386,000) convicted sex offenders registered in forty-nine (49) states and the District of Columbia, and

Whereas, according to a 1997 report prepared by the US Department of Justice titled "Sex Offenses and Offenders", nearly two thirds of victims of convicted rape and sexual assault offenders serving time in state prison were under the age if eighteen (18); the median age of victims of imprisoned sexual assault offenders was less than thirteen (13) years; the median age for rape victims was about twenty-two (22) years; an estimated twenty-four percent (24%) of those serving time for rape and nineteen percent (19%) of those serving time for sexual assault had been on probation or parole at the time of the offense, and. (Cr. #76-07)

Whereas, the United States Supreme Court has recognized that the risk of recidivism posed by sexual offenders is "frightening and high" and "when convicted sex offenders re-enter society, they are much more likely than any other type of offender to be re-arrested for a new rape or sexual assault", Smith v. Doe, 538 U.S. 84, 123 S.Ct. 1140 155 L.Ed. 2d 164 (2003) and McKune v. Lile, 536 U.S. 24, 34, 122 S.Ct. 2017, 153 L.Ed. 2d 47 (2002) citing U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Sex Offenses and Offenders, 27 (1997): U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Recidivism of Prisoners Released in 1983, page 6 (1997), and

Whereas, the Common Council has reviewed the findings of a number of states across the United States, including but not limited to Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Iowa and California, as they pertain to laws adopted which relate to impose restrictions on sex offenders with respect to residency, and

Whereas, the Common Council has reviewed the decision of the United States Court of Appeals for the 8<sup>th</sup> Circuit in <u>Doe v. Miller</u>, 405 F.3d 700, 716 (8<sup>th</sup> Circuit 2005), providing in part: "the record does not support a conclusion that the Iowa General Assembly and the Governor acted based merely on negative attitudes toward, fear of, or a bare desire to harm a politically unpopular group. [Citation omitted] Sex offenders have a high rate of recidivism, and the parties presented expert testimony that reducing opportunity and temptation is important to

minimizing the risk of reoffense. Even experts in the field could not predict with confidence whether a particular sex offender will reoffend, whether an offender convicted of an offense against a teenager will be among those who "cross over" to offend against a younger child, or the degree to which regular proximity to a place where children are located enhances the risk of reoffense against children. One expert in the district court opined that it is just "common sense" that limiting the frequency of contact between sex offenders and areas where children are located is likely to reduce the risk of an offense. [Citation omitted] The policymakers of Iowa are entitled to employ such "common sense," and we are not persuaded that the means selected to pursue the State's legitimate interest are without rational basis." and

Whereas, Sec. 62.11(5) Wis. Stats. authorizes the Common Council of the City of Waukesha to enact legislation for the health, safety and welfare of the public, and

Whereas, the General Charter Law as provided for in Sec. 62.04 Wis. Stats. is to be liberally construed in favor of the rights, powers and privileges of cities to promote the general welfare, peace, good order and prosperity of such cities and the inhabitants thereof, and

NOW THEREFORE, the Common Council of the City of Waukesha do ordain as follows:

## 11.41 RESIDENCY RESTRICTIONS FOR SEXUAL OFFENDERS

(1) (1) Findings and Intent. The Common Council finds that repeat sexualSex Offenders who use physical violence, and sexualSex Offenders who prey on children, are sexual offenders persons who present an extreme threat to the public safety. Sexual offenders are extremely likely to use physical violence and to repeat their offenses: and most sexual.

Most Sex Offenders commit many offenses, have many more victims than are ever reported, and are prosecuted for only a fraction of their crimes. This makes the cost of sexualSex Offender victimization to society at large, while incalculable, clearly exorbitant great, and justifies efforts to protect the public from it.

It is not the intent of the Common Council to punish sex offenders, but rather to serve the City's compelling interest to promote, protect and improve the health, safety and welfare of the citizens of the City of Waukesha by creating areas around locations where children regularly congregate in concentrated numbers, wherein, certain sexual offenders are prohibited from establishing temporary or permanent residence.

Due to the high rate of recidivism for <u>sexualSex</u> Offenders, and because reducing both opportunity and temptation <u>would helphelps</u> minimize the risk of <u>reoffense</u> there is a compelling need to protect children where they congregate or play in public places.

## (2) DEFINITIONS.

<sup>—</sup>It is not the intent of the Common Council to punish Sex Offenders, but rather to protect the safety and welfare of its citizens by creating zones around places where children

regularly congregate where certain Sex Offenders are prohibited from establishing residence.

- (2) <u>Definitions.</u> For purposes of this section:
  - (a) (a) "Child" means a person under the age of eighteen (18) years.
  - (b) "Child Safety Zone means an area within 1500 feet of any private or public school, recreational trail, playground, park, child care center licensed pursuant to Wis. Stats. §48.65, or group home as defined in Wis. Stats. §48.02(7), within the City of Waukesha.
  - (c) Domicile means an individual's single, fixed and permanent home where the individual intends to remain permanently and indefinitely, and to which, whenever absent, the individual intends to return. An individual's Domicile and Residence may be, but need not be, identical.
  - (d) Residence means a place where a person resides or dwells, or is used by a person as the primary location for basic life functions such as sleeping or eating; whether short-or long-term but for an aggregate of 14 or more days in any one-year period; regardless of the person's Domicile.
  - (e) Section means this Municipal Code §11.41.
  - (b)(f) Sex Offender" shall mean, for purposes of this Section, means:
    - (i) Any person who is required to register under Sec. Wis. Stats. §301.45 Wis. Stats. for any offense against a Child-or.

Any person who is required to register under Sec. Wis. Stats. §301.45 Wis. Stats. and who is the subject to theof a Special Bulletin Notification process

- (i)(ii) forth in Sec. issued pursuant to Wis. Stats. §301.46(2) and (2m) Wis. Stats.;).
  - (ii) Note: This includes offenders in an intensive-sanctions program, not just offenders against children.

Any person <u>subject committed</u> to the <u>sex crimes commitment provisions state</u> <u>Department</u> of <u>Sec. 975.06</u>

(ii) (iii) Health Services for specialized treatment pursuant to Wis. Stats. §975.06.

(iii) (iv) (iii) Any person found not guilty by reason of disease or mental defect placed on lifetime supervision under Sec. 971.17 by the state Department of Corrections pursuant to Wis. Stats. §939.615 or §971.17(1j).

- (c) "Permanent residence" shall mean a place where a person abides, lodges or resides for fourteen (14) or more consecutive days.
- (d) "Temporary residence" shall mean a place where a person abides, lodges or resides for a period of fourteen (14) or more days in the aggregate during any calendar year and which is not the person's permanent address or place where the person routinely abides, lodges or resides for a period of four (4) or more consecutive or non-consecutive days in any month and which is not the person's permanent address.

## (3) RESIDENCY RESTRICTION

- (3) (Am. #6 08) (Am. #19 11) Restriction. In absence of a circuit court order

  specifically exempting a sexual offender from the residency restriction in this
  subsection, a sexual offender shall not establish a permanent or temporary
  residence
  within seven hundred fifty (Residence Restriction, Exceptions. No Sex
  Offender shall establish or maintain a Residence within a Child Safety Zone, except under the following circumstances:
  - (a) It is specifically ordered that the Sex Offender reside within a Child Safety Zone by a court having competent jurisdiction.

The Sex Offender established the Residence within 750) feet of anya private or public school, recreational trail, playground or park where children regularly gather; licensed day care center as defined in Sec. 48.65. Wis. Stats. §48.65, or group home as defined in Sec. 48.02(7).

- (b) Map of restricted locations. The city clerk shall maintain an official map showing prohibited locations as defined by this section. The city clerk shall update the map at least annually to reflect any changes in the location of prohibited zones. These shall be designated on the map as child safety zones.
- (4) RESIDENCY RESTRICTION EXCEPTIONS. A sex offender residing within a prohibited area as described in (3)(a) does not commit a violation of this section if any of the following apply:
  - (e)(b) (a) The person established a permanent residence or temporary residence and in Wis. Stats. §48.02(7), reported and registered the Residence pursuant to Sec. Wis. Stats. §301.45-Wis. Stats., before December 22, 2011, and has continuously maintained that Residence without interruption until [insert the effective date of this Section].
    - day of this section.
    - (b) The person was under seventeen (17) years of ageSex Offender established the Residence between 750 feet and is not required to register

- under Sec. 301.451500 feet of a private or 301.46, Wis. Stats.
- (d)(c) (Am. #6-08) The public school, recreational trail, playground, or park, or licensed day care
  - center, or group home, where children regularly gather within seven hundred fifty
     (750) feet of the person's permanent residence or temporary residence was opened
  - after the person established the permanent residence or temporary residence and
  - —, licensed day care center as defined in Wis. Stats. §48.65, or group home as defined in Wis. Stats. §48.02(7), reported and registered the Residence pursuant to Sec. 301.45 Wis. Stats. §301.45, on or after December 22, 2011, and has continuously maintained that Residence without interruption until [insert the effective date of this Section].
- (d) (d) The person is required excepted from sex-offender registration pursuant to serve Wis. Stats. §301.45(1m).
  - Note: This exemption is for offenses involving consenting minors, the "Romeo and Juliet" exemption.
- (e) The private or public school, recreational trail, playground, park, child care center, or group home around which a sentence at Child Safety Zone exists first existed after the Sex Offender established Residence and reported and registered the Residence pursuant to Wis. Stats. §301.45. (Am. #6-08)
- (e)(f) The Sex Offender's Residence is within a jail, juvenile facility or other correctional facility at which the Sex Offender is serving a court-ordered sentence.
  - correctional institution or facility.
- (f)(g) (e) The personSex Offender is a minor or ward under guardianship.

<u>Sex Offenders Subject to Chapter 980.</u> A Sex Offender that has been adjudicated a sexually violent person pursuant to Wisconsin Statutes Chapter 980 shall not be in violation of subsection 0

**(4)** 

(5) ORIGINAL DOMICILE RESTRICTION (Recr. # 6-11) In addition to the residency restrictions set forth herein and subject to (4) above, no sex offender shall be permitted to reside in if the Sex Offender is subject to supervised release under Chapter 980, the Sex Offender is residing where he or she is ordered to reside under Wis. Stats. §980.08, and the Sex Offender is in compliance with all court orders issued under Chapter 980.

Note: Local laws are pre-empted by state law in the case of sexually-violent persons. State law provides a 1500-foot residency restriction for those persons.

(3)(5) Original Domicile Restriction. No Sex Offender shall establish or maintain a Residence within the City of Waukesha unless such person was domiciled the Sex Offender maintained Domicile in the City of Waukesha at the time of the most-recent Sex Offense resulting in the person's most recent conviction, commitment or placement as a Sex Offender as set

forth in <u>subsection</u> (2)(f)(2)(b)(i), (ii) and (iii) above. "Domicile" shall mean an individual's fixed and permanent home where the individual intends to remain permanently and indefinitely and to which whenever absent the individual intends to return, except that no individual may have more than one domicile at any time. Domicile is not a residence for any special or temporary purpose. . . (Recr. # 6-11)

(4)(6) (6) LOITERING. (Ren. Loitering Prohibition, Exception. (Renum. #6-11)

(a) (Am. #6-08) It shall be unlawful for any sex offender as designated in (2)(b) above.

to No Sex Offender shall loiter or prowl at any school or school property; recreational trail, playground or

park; within 200 feet of a licensed day care center or group home; within a Child Safety Zone, at a time or in a place, at a

time, or a manner not usual for law\_abiding individuals, under circumstances that warrant alarm for the safety of persons or property in the vicinity. Among the circumstances which may be considered in determining whether such alarm is warranted is the fact that the actor takes flight upon appearance of a law enforcement officer, refuses to identify himself or herself or manifestly endeavors to conceal himself or herself or any object. Unless flight by the actor or other circumstances makes it impractical, a law enforcement officer shall prior to any arrest for an offense under this section, afford the actor an opportunity to dispel any alarm which would otherwise be warranted, by requesting him or her to identify himself or herself or explain his or her presence and conduct at the aforementioned locations. No person shall be convicted of an offense under this section if the law enforcement officer did not comply with the preceding sentence, or if it appears at trial that the explanation given by the actor was true, and, if believed by the law enforcement officer at the time, would have dispelled the alarm. (Am. #6-08)

- (b) EXCEPTIONS.Note: This is identical to the general loitering ordinance, §11.05, except that it applies to Sex Offenders within Child Safety Zones.
- (b) Exception. The prohibitions set forthprohibition in (a) above subsection 0 shall not apply where the actor was with his Sex Offender is a minor or herward accompanied by a parent or other adult personguardian having his or her the Sex Offender's care, custody or control; or the actor was exercising First Amendment rights protected by.

the United States Constitution, including freedom of speech, free exercise of religion
 and the right of assembly.

(5)(7) (7) (Am. #6-08) (Ren. #6-11) MEASUREMENT OF DISTANCE. Measurement of Distances. For the purposes of determining the minimum distance separation, the requirement shall be measured by following a straight line from the outer property line of the permanent residence or temporary. Residence to nearest outer property line of a private

or public school, recreational trail, playground or park where children regularly gather or licensed day care center or licensed group foster home. (Am. #6-08) (Renum. #6-11)

Map of Child Safety Zone. The City Clerk shall maintain an official map showing the Child Safety Zone defined in subsection 0

(8) PENALTY. (Ren., and shall update the map at least annually to reflect any changes.

(6)(9) **Penalty.** (Renum. #6-11) (Am. #6-11)

- (a) (a) A person who violates provisions of sub. (3) subsections 0 and 0(5) shall be subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$500.00 and no more than \$1,000.00 for each violation. Each day a violation continues shall constitute a separate offense. The City may also seek equitable relief to gain compliance.
- **(b)** Any person violating <u>sub. (6)subsection</u> 0 of this section shall forfeit not less than \$1,000.00 and no more than \$2,000.00 for each violation.

(7)(10) (9) SEVERABILITY. (Ren. #6-11)Severability. The provisions of this ordinanceSection shall be deemed severable, and it is expressly declared thatthe expressed intent of the Common Council that the ordinance creating this Section would have been passed the other provisions of this ordinance irrespectiveregardless of whether or not one or more provisions may be declared invalid. If any provision of this ordinanceSection or the application or this Section to any person or under any circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the application of such other provisions to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected.this Section shall be severed and remain in effect and enforceable. (Renum. #6-11)

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